



ሳምንታዊ የቢዝነስ መረጃዎች

በኮሙኒኬሽንና ህዝብ ግንኙነት መምሪያ የሚዘጋጅ

ከጥቅምት 26-ህዳር 3፣ 2017 ዓ.ም

(November 6-12/2024)

Week One

1. በሦስት ወራት ከወርቅና ከቡና ወጪ ንግድ 1.08 ቢሊዮን ዶላር መገኘቱ ተነገረ

Reporter: November 10, 2024

በ2017 በጀት ዓመት የመጀመሪያዎቹ ሦስት ወራት ከወርቅና ከቡና ወጪ ንግድ (ኤክስፖርት) 1.08 ቢሊዮን ዶላር ገቢ መገኘቱን፣ የንግድና ቀጣናዊ ትስስር ሚኒስቴር አስታወቀ።

ከሚኒስቴሩ የሩብ ዓመት የሥራ አፈጻጸም ሪፖርት መረዳት እንደተቻለው፣ ከሐምሌ 2016 ዓ.ም. እስከ መስከረም 2017 ዓ.ም. ድረስ ባለው ጊዜ ውስጥ 151,175 ቶን ቡና ወደ ተለያዩ አገሮች በመላክ 519 ሚሊዮን ዶላር ገቢ ተገኝቷል።

በዘንድር በጀት ዓመት በሦስት ወራት የተገኘው የውጭ ምንዛሪ ካለፈው በጀት ዓመት ተመሳሳይ ወቅት ጋር ሲነፃፀር የ164.9 ሚሊዮን ዶላር ጭማሪ ማሳየቱን፣ ከተላከው ምርት መጠን አንፃር ሲቃኝ የ8,746 ቶን ወይም 70 በመቶ ጭማሪ ማስመዘገቡን ከሪፖርቱ መረዳት ተችሏል።

በ2016 በጀት ዓመት 298,500 ቶን የቡና ምርት ለውጭ ገበያ በማቅረብ 1.43 ቢሊዮን ዶላር መገኘቱ ይታወሳል።

ባለፈው ዓመት ከቡና ምርት የሚገኘው ገቢ የተሻለ እንዲሆን ካላደረጉት ምክንያቶች ውስጥ የአውሮፓ ኅብረት ቡናን ጨምሮ ወደ አባል አገሮቹ የሚላኩ ሰባት የምርት ዓይነቶች ከደን ጭፍጨፋና መመዘኛ ነፃ መሆናቸው ሳይረጋገጥ፣ ለግብይት እንዳይቀርቡ የሚከለክል ሕግ በማውጣቱ እንደሆነ ቡና ላኪዎች መናገራቸው አይዘነጋም።

<https://www.ethiopianreporter.com/135181/>

2. ያልተገባ የዋጋ ጭማሪ ባደረጉና ምርት በደበቁ 100 ሺሕ ያህል ነጋዴዎች ላይ ሕጋዊ ዕርምጃ መወሰዱ ተገለጸ

Reporter: November 10, 2024

የውጭ ምንዛሪ ገበያ መር ከሆነ በኋላ ያልተገባ የዋጋ ጭማሪ አድርገዋል በተባሉት ምርት በደበቁ 99.551 ነጋዴዎች ላይ ሕጋዊ ዕርምጃ መወሰዱን፣ የንግድና ቀጣናዊ ትስስር ሚኒስቴር በሦስት ወራት ሪፖርቱ አስታወቀ።

የውጭ ምንዛሪ ሥርዓት ማሻሻያን ተከትሎ ኢኮኖሚያዊ ምክንያት የሌለው ዋጋ በማሳበረሰቡ ላይ የጨመሩ ምርት ደብቀዋል የተባሉ ነጋዴዎችን ከማስጠንቀቂያ ጀምሮ የንግድ ፈቃዳቸው እስከ መሰረዝ ድረስ ዕርምጃ መወሰዱን፣ የንግድና ቀጣናዊ ትስስር ሚኒስቴር የ2017 በጀት ዓመት የሩብ ዓመት ዕቅድ አፈጻጸም ሪፖርት ያሳያል።

የዋጋ ጭማሪ ያደረጉ ምርት በደበቁ 46,482 ነጋዴዎች ማስጠንቀቂያ የተሰጣቸው መሆኑን፣ 51,155 የንግድ ቦታቸው እንዲታሸግ መደረጉን፣ 1,914 ነጋዴዎች መታሰራቸውንና ፈቃዳቸው መታገዱን፣ እንዲሁም በገንዘብ እንዲቀጡ መደረጉን ከሪፖርቱ መረዳት ተችሏል።

በገንዘብ ከተቀጡ ነጋዴዎችና ከተወረሱ ምርቶች ሽያጭ ከ27 ሚሊዮን ብር በላይ ለመንግሥት ገቢ እንደተደረገ በሪፖርቱ ተካቷል።

በ2017 በጀት ዓመት የመጀመሪያ ሩብ ዓመት የድግሪ ፈቃድ ኢንስፔክሽንና ፊት-ላቶ ሥራዎችን ሽፋን ለማሳደግ፣ በፌዴራል ደረጃ 562 የንግድ ድርጅቶችን ምርመራ ለማድረግ ታቅዶ በ455 የንግድ ድርጅቶች ላይ የክትትልና የቁጥጥር ሥራ ለማከናወን መቻሉ ተገልጿል።

<https://www.ethiopianreporter.com/135170/>

3 በሰነድ ሙዳላ ነዋይ ገበያ የቱሉ ካፒ የወርቅ ፕሮጀክት የተወሰነ ድርሻን ለኢትዮጵያውያን ለማቅረብ መታሰቡ ተሰማ

Reporter: November 10, 2024

በአሮሚያ ክልል በምዕራብ ወለጋ ዞን በከፊ ሚኒራልስ ፕሮጀክት የሚካሄደው የቱሉ ካፒ ወርቅ ልማት ፕሮጀክት ብቁ ለተባሉ ኢትዮጵያውያን ኢንቨስተሮች ከቀረበው የተወሰነ ድርሻ በተጨማሪ፣ በቅርቡ በሚከፈተው የሰነድ ሙዳላ ነዋይ ገበያ ሌሎች ዜጎች ተሳታፊ የሚሆኑበት መንገድ እየታሰበ እንደሆነ ተገለጸ።

የቱሉ ካፒ የወርቅ ፕሮጀክትን ዕውን ለማድረግ የሚያስፈልገውን 500 ሚሊዮን ዶላር ለማግኘት ጥረት ሲያደርግ የቆየው ከባንያው ከዓለም አቀፍ ባንኮችን ጨምሮ ከኮንትራክተሮችና ከኢንቨስተሮች 470 ሚሊዮን ዶላር እንደፀደቀለት ገልጾ፣ የተቀረውን 30 ሚሊዮን ያህል የፕሮጀክት ባለቤትነት ድርሻ ብቁ ለሆኑ ኢትዮጵያውያን ባለሀብቶች ግብዣ ማቅረቡ ይታወሳል። የከፊ ሚኒራልስ ዋና ሥራ አስፈጻሚ ሚስተር ሃሪ አናግሮስታሪስ በከባንያው የኢትዮጵያውያን የባለቤትነት ድርሻ እንዲኖር ቁርጠኝነቱ መኖሩን፣ ከአጠቃላይ የከባንያው 500 ሚሊዮን ዶላር ኢንቨስትመንት ውስጥ ስድስት በመቶ ወይም 30 ሚሊዮን ዶላር የሚሆነውን ለኢትዮጵያውያን ባለሀብቶች ቀርቧል።

<https://www.ethiopianreporter.com/135156/>

7. Ethiopia Launches First-ever Shipment of Fruits, Vegetables to European Market

ENA: November 11/2024

Ethiopia has launched the first-ever shipment of refrigerated fruits and vegetables to the European market, the Ministry of Agriculture disclosed. Ethio Vegfru, a private limited exporter and importer company, has officially launched shipments Sugar Snap and Mangetout vegetable products to the Netherlands today in the presence of Agriculture State Minister, Sofia Kasa. Ethiopia is known for offering ideal climate conditions for the year-round cultivation of vegetables and fruit like mangos, grapes and oranges. Speaking on the occasion, Managing Director and Founder of Ethio Vegfru, Tsegaye Abebe indicated that 12 tons of Sugar Snap and Mangetout vegetable products will be delivered to the port of Djibouti, using a container equipped with modern refrigerators and new technology. The fresh produce was loaded at Koka and will be transported to Netherlands via the Ethio-Djibouti transport corridor within 23 days.

This shipment is a milestone in the development of a cool logistics corridor for the export of fruit, vegetables and other perishables by sea freight via the Port of Djibouti, it was learned.

https://www.ena.et/web/eng/vw/eng_5440240

8. Ethiopian textile industry: Labor intensive, lucrative

Ethiopian press: November 6, 2024

Ethiopia's economy is primarily based on agriculture, but starting in 2010, the government has been determined to diversify the exports with a priority set for strategic sectors like light manufacturing, in which textile and apparel manufacturing industries are incorporated. Ethiopia is a Sub-Saharan country with a population of over 120 million, the second largest population in Africa.

4. Finance Ministry ready to issue 900bl birr bond to salvage state bank

A staggering 845 billion birr in bad loans extended to state-owned enterprises by the Commercial Bank of Ethiopia (CBE) had legislators fuming this week as officials from the Ministry of Finance proposed the issuance of an unprecedented 900 billion birr in bonds to bail out the banking behemoth.

The state-owned CBE's non-performing loans (NPLs) have been piling up since the EPRDF era, with much of the arrears coming from bad loans provided to state-owned enterprises and large-scale public projects over the last three decades.

Many of these projects, including Yayu Fertilizer Complex, a dozen mega sugar estates, and several others under the former Metals and Engineering Corporation (MetEC) and other enterprises, have failed. As a result, CBE has been unable to collect on the debts owed to it, casting a shadow of doubt over the standing of what is the country's largest commercial bank by far.

Finance Ministry officials are scrambling to remedy the situation, proposing a contentious final resort to Parliament this week.

<https://www.thereporterethiopia.com/42562/>

5. ECX, Coffee Authority brews new pricing system following exchange rate float

The Reporter November 2, 2024

The Ethiopian Commodity Exchange (ECX) has introduced a new pricing mechanism for coffee sold on its trading floor but exporters say the changes do not reflect the high prices erasing their margins in the domestic market.

Officers at the Exchange and officials at the Ethiopian Coffee and Tea Authority say the new pricing system, which is updated weekly based on the New York Arabica Coffee Price and the prevailing exchange rate at the Commercial Bank of Ethiopia, is meant to benefit coffee growers.

A statement from ECX indicates distortions in the country's exchange rate policy had previously forced it to implement a comparative pricing mechanism accounting for domestic market and export prices. However, the recent liberalization of the forex market has enabled it to shift towards the new pricing system, according to the statement.

"Based on this reform, and with the aim to benefit local coffee producers and suppliers from the forex liberalization, ECX has decided to make adjustments to its fixed pricing system for coffee," it reads.

The Exchange used to set a price range for coffee traded on its floor based on quality. The Authority, meanwhile, sets a floor price for exporters.

https://www.thereporterethiopia.com/42379/#google_vignette

6. Gold market showing encouraging progress

Ethiopian Press: November 12, 2024

It is obvious that Ethiopia is a country with high reserves of mineral resources. One of these minerals is gold and research has confirmed that the country has a large amount of gold reserves. According to the data obtained from the Ministry of Mines, more than 517 tons of gold reserves have been found in the survey carried out so far.

As evidences indicate; there are two types of gold: gold ore and alluvial gold. Alluvial gold can be extracted from the rock above it when it decays and breaks down due to various reasons.

<https://press.et/herald/?p=105588>

Though it is labeled as one of the poorest countries in the world, its economy is growing, trying to abate unemployment and increase production and productivity. Of the myriads of sectors and sub-sectors employed for the purpose of boosting job opportunities and production echelon, the textile and attire industry has been well utilized.

Taking the significance and the current level of the textile and apparel industry into account, *The Ethiopian Herald* approached Lijalem Admasu, a graduate from Bahir Dar University, to forward an opinion about the apparel and/or textile industry.

<https://press.et/herald/?p=105265>

9. Tea export ambitions fizzle as coffee shipments reach new heights

The Reporter: November 9, 2024

Ambitions to see the export of 476 tons of tea leaves and earn nearly USD one million over the first quarter of the fiscal year have fallen flat as less than 260 tons of tea were shipped out over the last three months.

The volume, which represents 54 percent of the target set by officials at the Ministry of Agriculture, brought in half a million dollars. It represents a 25 percent drop compared to the volume of tea exported during the same period last year, as well as a 29 percent dip in revenue.

The subpar performance was the subject of scrutiny from members of Parliament earlier this week. Officials such as Shafi Oumer, deputy head of the Ethiopian Coffee and Tea Authority, presented justifications.

"Only the Gumaro and Wash-Wash tea plantations are engaged in exports," he told lawmakers.

Ambitions to see the export of 476 tons of tea leaves and earn nearly USD one million over the first quarter of the fiscal year have fallen flat as less than 260 tons of tea were shipped out over the last three months.

The volume, which represents 54 percent of the target set by officials at the Ministry of Agriculture, brought in half a million dollars. It represents a 25 percent drop compared to the volume of tea exported during the same period last year, as well as a 29 percent dip in revenue.

The subpar performance was the subject of scrutiny from members of Parliament earlier this week. Officials such as Shafi Oumer, deputy head of the Ethiopian Coffee and Tea Authority, presented justifications.

"Only the Gumaro and Wash-Wash tea plantations are engaged in exports," he told lawmakers.

Shafi told MPs that a 540 hectare plantation operated by East African Agri-Business Plc, an arm of the East African Holding business conglomerate, has yet to embark on exports despite having started cultivating tea.

"Verdanta, another tea investment in Gambella, has also been unable to start production due to various factors," said the deputy.

Shafi told lawmakers that tea is being cultivated on 11,000 hectares.

"We have launched a national tea initiative, to introduce tea farming in different parts of the country, especially west and south Ethiopia," he said. "The new tea farms are taking seedlings from the existing farms, and this is reducing the productivity of the existing farms."

The initiative he referred to is geared towards expanding tea cultivation at the smallholder farmer level in addition to bolstering commercial investments.

<https://www.thereporterethiopia.com/42518/>